views of the Commission are contained in USITC Publication 5454 (August 2023), entitled *Steel Nails from the United Arab Emirates: Investigation No.* 731–TA–1185 (Second Review).

By order of the Commission. Issued: August 28, 2023.

Lisa Barton,

Secretary to the Commission.

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BILLING CODE 7020-02-P

MERIT SYSTEMS PROTECTION BOARD

Privacy Act of 1974; System of Records

AGENCY: Merit Systems Protection Board.

ACTION: Notice of a new system of records.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Privacy Act of 1974, the U.S. Merit Systems Protection Board (MSPB) proposes to establish a new system of records titled "MSPB-4, Emergency Alert System." This system of records includes information that MSPB collects, maintains, and uses for operational response to critical events to ensure the safety and security of MSPB personnel and physical locations, as well as to keep MSPB personnel up to date on emergencies that may impact MSPB personnel and operations, such as active shooter situations, terrorist attacks, or severe weather conditions.

DATES: Please submit comments on or before October 2, 2023. This new system is effective upon publication in today's **Federal Register**, with the exception of the routine uses, which are effective October 2, 2023.

ADDRESSES: You may submit written comments to the Office of the Clerk of the Board by email to privacy@mspb.gov or by mail to Clerk of the Board, U.S. Merit Systems Protection Board, 1615 M Street NW, Washington, DC 20419. All comments must reference "MSPB-4, Emergency Alert System SORN." Regardless of the method used for submitting comments or material, all submissions will be posted, without change, to MSPB's website (https:// www.mspb.gov) and will include any personal information you provide, such as your name, address, phone number, email address, or any other personally identifying information in your comment or materials. Therefore, any submissions will be made public and without change.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For general questions or privacy issues,

please contact: D. Fon Muttamara, Chief Privacy Officer, Office of the Clerk of the Board, 1615 M Street NW, Washington, DC 20419; (202) 653–7200; privacy@mspb.gov. Please include "MSPB-4 Emergency Alert System" with your question(s).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In accordance with the Privacy Act of 1974, 5 U.S.C. 552a, the MSPB proposes to establish a new system of records titled "MSPB-4, Emergency Alert System." MSPB's Office of Financial and Administrative Management (FAM) is responsible for, among other things, the security of personnel and physical locations. This system of records includes information that MSPB collects, maintains, and uses for operational response to critical events to ensure the safety and security of MSPB personnel and physical locations, as well as to keep MSPB personnel up to date on emergencies that may impact MSPB personnel and operations, such as active shooter situations, terrorist attacks, or severe weather conditions.

The Privacy Act embodies fair information practice principles in a statutory framework governing how Federal agencies collect, maintain, use, and disseminate individuals' records. The Privacy Act applies to records about individuals that are maintained in a "system of records." A system of records is a group of records under the control of an agency from which information is retrieved by the name of an individual or by some identifying number, symbol, or other identifying particular assigned to the individual. The Privacy Act defines an individual as a United States citizen or lawful permanent resident. Individuals may request access to their own records that are maintained in a system of records in the possession or under the control of MSPB by complying with MSPB Privacy Act regulations at 5 CFR part 1205, and following the procedures outlined in the Records Access, Contesting Record, and Notification Procedures sections of this notice. The Privacy Act requires each agency to publish in the Federal Register a description denoting the existence and character of each system of records that the agency maintains and the routine uses of each system. The new "Emergency Alert System" System of Records Notice is published in its entirety below. In accordance with the Privacy Act, 5 U.S.C. 552a(r), and OMB Circular A-108, "Federal Agency Responsibilities for Review, Reporting, and Publication under the Privacy Act" (Dec. 2016), MSPB has submitted a report of a new system of records to the

Office of Management and Budget and Congress.

Jennifer Everling,

Acting Clerk of the Board, U.S. Merit Systems Protection Board.

SYSTEM NAME AND NUMBER:

MSPB-4, Emergency Alert System.

SECURITY CLASSIFICATION:

Unclassified.

SYSTEM LOCATION:

Records are maintained by the Office of Financial and Administrative Management, U.S. Merit Systems Protection Board, 1615 M Street NW, Washington, DC 20419. Records may be located in locked cabinets and offices, on MSPB's local area network, or in designated U.S. data centers for cloud service providers certified by the Federal Risk and Authorization Management Program or FedRAMP.

SYSTEM MANAGER(S):

Kevin Nash, Director of the Office of Financial and Administrative Management, U.S. Merit Systems Protection Board, 1615 M Street NW, Washington, DC 20419, kevin.nash@ mspb.gov.

AUTHORITY FOR MAINTENANCE OF THE SYSTEM:

5 U.S.C. 1204; Federal Continuity Directive (FCD) 1, Federal Executive Branch National Continuity Program and Requirements, January 17, 2017; FCD 2, Federal Executive Branch Mission Essential Functions and Candidate Primary Mission Essential Functions Identification and Submission Process, June 13, 2017; Directive on National Continuity Policy (National Security Presidential Directive 51/Homeland Security Presidential Directive 20), May 4, 2007.

PURPOSE(S) OF THE SYSTEM:

The purpose of this system of records is to allow MSPB to collect and maintain records of employees who receive emergency alerts.

CATEGORIES OF INDIVIDUALS COVERED BY THE SYSTEM:

Current and former employees of MSPB.

CATEGORIES OF RECORDS IN THE SYSTEM:

- 1. MSPB employee name;
- 2. MSPB email addresses;
- 3. MSPB-assigned office phone numbers;
- 4. MSPB-issued mobile device numbers;
- 5. Personal email addresses (if provided);
- 6. Personal home phone numbers (if provided); and

7. Personal mobile device numbers (if provided).

RECORD SOURCE CATEGORIES:

Information contained in this system is obtained from MSPB's Office of Information Resources Management (IRM). IRM will provide a .csv file to FAM, the .csv file will contain MSPB employee email addresses and MSPBassigned office phone numbers (and extensions if applicable) from MSPB's Microsoft Active Directory, as well as MSPB-issued mobile device numbers. FAM will then provide the file to Everbridge (the emergency alert system vendor) through MSPB's secure file sharing system, Box.com. As new hires onboard at MSPB, FAM will manually enter the required PII into the Everbridge system, Additionally, FAM will manually delete the PII of departing employees 30 days from departure. Employees may voluntarily provide personal contact information, which FAM will add to the information maintained in Everbridge for those employees.

ROUTINE USES OF RECORDS MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM, INCLUDING CATEGORIES OF USERS AND PURPOSES OF SUCH USES:

In addition to those disclosures generally permitted under 5 U.S.C. 552a(b) of the Privacy Act, all or a portion of the records or information contained in this system may be disclosed outside MSPB as a routine use pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(b)(3) as follows:

- a. To the Department of Justice (DOJ), including Offices of the U.S. Attorneys; or another Federal agency conducting litigation or in proceedings before any court, adjudicative, or administrative body; another party or potential party or the party's or potential party's authorized representative in litigation before a court, adjudicative, or administrative body; or to a court, adjudicative, or administrative body. Such disclosure is permitted only when it is relevant or necessary to the litigation or proceeding, and one of the following is a party to the litigation or has an interest in such litigation:
 - (1) MSPB, or any component thereof;
- (2) Any employee or former employee of MSPB in his or her official capacity;
- (3) Any employee or former employee of MSPB in his or her individual capacity where DOJ or MSPB has agreed to represent the employee;
- (4) The United States or a Federal agency in litigation before a court, adjudicative, or administrative body;
- (5) A party, other than the United States or a Federal agency, in litigation before a court, adjudicative, or

- administrative body, upon the MSPB General Counsel's approval, pursuant to 5 CFR part 1216 or otherwise.
- b. To the appropriate Federal, State, or local agency responsible for investigating, prosecuting, enforcing, or implementing a statute, rule, regulation, or order, when a record, either on its face or in conjunction with other information, indicates or is relevant to a violation or potential violation of civil or criminal law or regulation.
- c. To a member of Congress or the White House from the record of an individual in response to an inquiry made at the request of the individual to whom the record pertains.
- d. To the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA) in records management inspections conducted under the authority of 44 U.S.C. 2904 and 2906.
- e. To appropriate agencies, entities, and persons when (1) MSPB suspects or has confirmed that there has been a breach of the system of records; (2) MSPB has determined that as a result of the suspected or confirmed breach there is a risk of harm to individuals, MSPB (including its information systems, programs, and operations), the Federal Government, or national security; and (3) the disclosure made to such agencies, entities, and persons is reasonably necessary to assist in connection with MSPB's efforts to respond to the suspected or confirmed breach or to prevent, minimize, or remedy such harm.
- f. To another Federal agency or Federal entity, when MSPB determines that information from this system of records is reasonably necessary to assist the recipient agency or entity in (1) responding to a suspected or confirmed breach or (2) preventing, minimizing, or remedying the risk of harm to individuals, the recipient agency or entity (including its information systems, programs, and operations), the Federal Government, or national security, resulting from a suspected or confirmed breach.
- g. To contractors, grantees, experts, consultants, or volunteers performing or working on a contract, service, grant, cooperative agreement, or other assignment for MSPB when MSPB determines that it is necessary to accomplish an agency function related to this system of records. Individuals provided information under this routine use are subject to the same Privacy Act requirements and limitations on disclosure as are applicable to MSPB employees.

POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR STORAGE OF RECORDS:

The records in this system of records are stored electronically on an MSPB vendor's system(s) to facilitate the administration of the alerts. Access is limited to a small number of authorized personnel at MSPB and at MSPB's vendor.

POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR RETRIEVAL OF RECORDS:

Records may be retrieved by name or other unique personal identifier.

POLICIES AND PRACTICES FOR RETENTION AND DISPOSAL OF RECORDS:

The records maintained in this system of records are subject to NARA General Records Schedule 5.4. Records of departing employees will be removed from the system by FAM 30 days after departure from MSPB. The information will be removed from the Everbridge servers after 30 days once the contract is completed.

ADMINISTRATIVE, TECHNICAL, AND PHYSICAL SAFEGUARDS:

Records in the system are protected from unauthorized access and misuse through various administrative and technical security measures, such as role-based access controls, mandatory security and privacy training, encryption, and multi-factor authentication.

RECORD ACCESS PROCEDURES:

Individuals seeking notification of and access to their records in this system of records may submit a request in writing to the Office of the Clerk of the Board, Merit Systems Protection Board, 1615 M Street NW, Washington, DC 20419. Individuals requesting access must comply with MSPB's Privacy Act regulations regarding verification of identity and access to records (5 CFR part 1205).

CONTESTING RECORD PROCEDURES:

Individuals may request that records about them be amended by writing to the Office of the Clerk of the Board, Merit Systems Protection Board, 1615 M Street NW, Washington, DC 20419. Individuals requesting amendment must follow MSPB's Privacy Act regulations regarding verification of identity and amendment to records (5 CFR part 1205).

NOTIFICATION PROCEDURES:

See Record Access Procedures above.

EXEMPTIONS PROMULGATED FOR THE SYSTEM:

None.

HISTORY:

None.

[FR Doc. 2023–18848 Filed 8–30–23; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 7401–01–P

NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

[NOTICE: 23-091]

Conflict of Interest Policy for Recipients of NASA Financial Assistance Awards

AGENCY: National Aeronautics and

Space Administration

ACTION: Final notice of a new NASA policy and term and condition regarding conflict of interest disclosures for grant and cooperative agreement recipients.

SUMMARY: The National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) is publishing, in final form, a new policy and term and condition regarding conflict of interest disclosures. The final policy can be found in Grant Information Circular (GIC) 23-07. NASA's intention to develop and implement this new policy and term and condition was specified in the Federal Register of January 30, 2023 FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For any questions, comments, or concerns regarding this policy, please contact Christopher Murguia at christopher.e.murguia@nasa.gov or 202-909-5918.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

In December 2020, the U.S. Government Accountability Office (GAO) published report GAO-21-130, Federal Research: Agencies Need to Enhance Policies to Address Foreign Influence. This report included two recommendations for NASA that pertained to (1) updating NASA's conflict of interest policy to include a definition of non-financial conflicts, such as conflicts of commitment, and (2) documenting procedures, roles, and responsibilities for addressing and enforcing failures to disclose required information. In response to GAO-21-130, NASA published a proposed conflict of interest and conflict of commitment policy in the Federal Register in January 2023 (88 FR 5930, pages 5930-5932, January 30, 2023). After reviewing public comments and feedback, NASA has revised the proposed policy to only address financial conflicts of interest. All references to conflicts of commitment in the January 2023 draft policy have been removed.

The revised policy is designed to standardize NASA's conflict to interest disclosure requirements with those of other Federal research funding agencies. In summary, the policy requires NASA grant and cooperative agreement recipients to maintain and enforce a conflict of interest policy that requires the disclosure of significant financial interests to an authorized official prior to application submission. Prior to the expenditure of grant or cooperative agreement funds, the institution shall review disclosed significant financial interests, determine if a conflict of interest exits, and determine what conditions or restrictions, if any, should be imposed to manage, reduce, or eliminate such conflict of interest. Institutions shall notify NASA of any conflict of interest that cannot be managed, reduced, or eliminated in accordance with the institution's policy.

Public Comments Discussion

In response to NASA's request for public comment, the Agency received seven letters containing multiple comments from colleges and universities, for-profit entities, and other non-profit organizations. All comments were carefully reviewed and considered prior to finalizing the policy.

NASA received several comments pertaining to the lack of consistency between the Agency's proposed conflict of interest and conflict of commitment policy and other agencies' conflict of interest policies. Commenters stated that this lack of consistency could result in award recipients having to adopt unique processes, tools, and training to address unique requirements in NASA's proposed policy. Response: NASA recognizes the inconsistencies between the proposed policy and that of other Federal research agencies and the confusion that those inconsistencies may cause. As such, NASA has aligned its conflict of interest policy with those of other Federal research agencies to the greatest extent practicable.

Several comments pertained to the conflation of conflicts of interest and conflicts of commitment in NASA's proposed policy. Conflicts of interest and commitment affect research in different ways and, therefore, actions taken to address conflicts of interest are different than those taken to address conflicts of commitment. As such, commenters recommended that NASA address conflicts of interest via a standalone policy similar to other agencies' financial conflicts of interest policies and address conflicts of commitment via biographical sketch and current and pending support disclosures. Response: NASA recognizes that conflicts of interest and commitment affect research and are addressed in different ways. Therefore, NASA has removed all references to conflicts of commitment in its policy so as not to conflate the two concepts.

Some comments pertained to the definitions of "conflict of interest", "conflict of commitment", and "covered individual" in the proposed policy. Comments stated that the definitions were vague and inconsistent with terminology and definitions used by other Federal research agencies. Moreover, commenters requested that a definition of "significant financial interest" be added to the policy and that that definition include dollar thresholds for what should and should not be considered a significant financial interest. Response: NASA has updated the definition of "conflict of interest" to align to that used by other Federal research agencies, removed all references to conflicts of commitment, and added a definition for "significant financial interest" that includes dollar thresholds.

A few comments requested that NASA revise the time at which conflict of interest information had to be reviewed and managed. Per the comments, other Federal agencies require that significant financial interest disclosures be reviewed and managed. as necessary, prior to the expenditure of award funds. NASA's proposed policy, on the other hand, required conflict of interest information to be reviewed and managed prior to application submission. Response: NASA recognizes that its proposed policy included requirements for the review and management of conflict of interest information that is burdensome and inconsistent with other Federal research agencies. NASA has revised the policy to require that significant financial interest disclosures be reviewed and managed, reduced, or eliminated prior to the expenditure of awards funds.

One comment requested that NASA clarify how its proposed policy would impact subaward recipients. *Response:* NASA has added language to the policy describing pass-through entities' and subaward recipients' responsibilities.

One comment recommended that NASA add language to the proposed policy specifically allowing the use of independent third party or contracted services for the provision of technical assistance to meet the due diligence and review requirements described in the policy.

Response: NASA has declined to add this recommended language to the policy. As written, the policy permits discretion when grant and cooperative